



## UvA-DARE (Digital Academic Repository)

### Accurate Quantitative Sensing of Intracellular pH based on Self-ratiometric Upconversion Luminescent Nanoprobe

Li, C.; Zuo, J.; Zhang, L.; Chang, Y.; Zhang, Y.; Tu, L.; Liu, X.; Xue, B.; Li, Q.; Zhao, H.; Zhang, H.; Kong, X.

**DOI**

[10.1038/srep38617](https://doi.org/10.1038/srep38617)

**Publication date**

2016

**Document Version**

Other version

**Published in**

Scientific Reports

[Link to publication](#)

**Citation for published version (APA):**

Li, C., Zuo, J., Zhang, L., Chang, Y., Zhang, Y., Tu, L., Liu, X., Xue, B., Li, Q., Zhao, H., Zhang, H., & Kong, X. (2016). Accurate Quantitative Sensing of Intracellular pH based on Self-ratiometric Upconversion Luminescent Nanoprobe. *Scientific Reports*, 6, [38617]. <https://doi.org/10.1038/srep38617>

**General rights**

It is not permitted to download or to forward/distribute the text or part of it without the consent of the author(s) and/or copyright holder(s), other than for strictly personal, individual use, unless the work is under an open content license (like Creative Commons).

**Disclaimer/Complaints regulations**

If you believe that digital publication of certain material infringes any of your rights or (privacy) interests, please let the Library know, stating your reasons. In case of a legitimate complaint, the Library will make the material inaccessible and/or remove it from the website. Please Ask the Library: <https://uba.uva.nl/en/contact>, or a letter to: Library of the University of Amsterdam, Secretariat, Singel 425, 1012 WP Amsterdam, The Netherlands. You will be contacted as soon as possible.

*UvA-DARE is a service provided by the library of the University of Amsterdam (<https://dare.uva.nl>)*

## Supplementary Information:

# Accurate Quantitative Sensing of Intracellular pH based on Self-ratiometric Upconversion Luminescent Nanoprobe

**Cuixia Li,<sup>1,2</sup> Jing Zuo,<sup>1,2,4</sup> Li Zhang,<sup>3</sup> Yulei Chang,<sup>1</sup> Youlin Zhang,<sup>\*1</sup> Langping Tu,<sup>1,4</sup> Xiaomin Liu,<sup>1</sup> Bin Xue,<sup>1,4</sup> Qiqing Li,<sup>1,2,4</sup> Huiying Zhao,<sup>3</sup> Hong Zhang<sup>\*4</sup> and Xiangui Kong,<sup>\*1</sup>**

<sup>1</sup> State Key Laboratory of Luminescence and Applications, Changchun Institute of Optics, Fine Mechanics and Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Changchun 130033, China. E-mail: [xgkong14@ciomp.ac.cn](mailto:xgkong14@ciomp.ac.cn); [zhangyl0109@sina.com](mailto:zhangyl0109@sina.com)

<sup>2</sup> Graduate University of the Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China

<sup>3</sup> Department of Basic Medicine, Gerontology Department of First Bethune Hospital, University of Jilin, Changchun 130021, China.

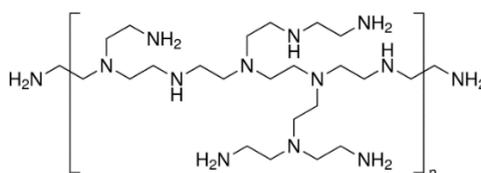
<sup>4</sup> Van't Hoff Institute for Molecular Sciences, University of Amsterdam, Science Park 904, 1098 XH Amsterdam, The Netherlands. E-mail: [h.zhang@uva.nl](mailto:h.zhang@uva.nl)

Correspondence to [xgkong14@ciomp.ac.cn](mailto:xgkong14@ciomp.ac.cn); [zhangyl0109@sina.com](mailto:zhangyl0109@sina.com); [h.zhang@uva.nl](mailto:h.zhang@uva.nl).

## Materials and methods

### Materials

FITC, Citric acid monohydrate, Trisodium citrate dihydrate, Sodium dihydrogen phosphate dehydrate and Disodium hydrogen phosphate dodecahydrate were purchased from Aladdin. LysoTracker Red and DAPI was purchased from Invitrogen. The other chemicals were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich. Polyethyleneimine (PEI) was branched (MW~1800) and the structural formula was shown in Fig. S1. All the materials were of analytical or chemical pure grade and were used without further purification. The aqueous solutions were prepared using deionized water (Mill-Q, Millipore, 18.2 MΩ resistivity). QBC939 cells (Human Cholangiocarcinoma Cell Line) were purchased from First Bethune Hospital, University of Jilin. The cultured medium RPMI1640, fetal bovine serum and Trypsin-EDTA Solution were purchased from Dingguo Biotechnology Development (China).



**Figure. S1** the structural formula of branched PEI.

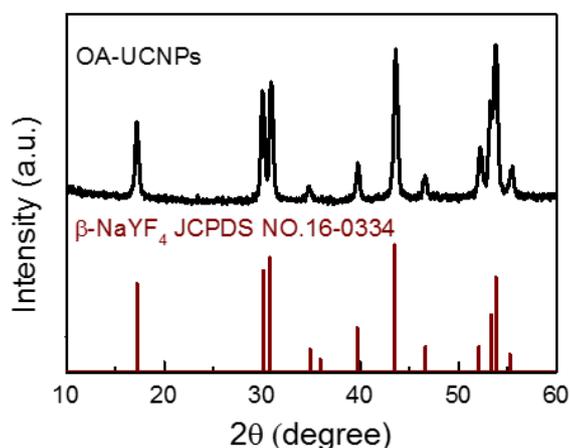
### Apparatus

The size and morphology of the prepared UCNPs were characterized by a JEM-2100F electron microscope operated at 200 kV. The crystal structure of UCNPs was determined by a Bruker D8-advance X-ray diffractometer (XRD) with Cu K $\alpha$  irradiation ( $\lambda=1.5418 \text{ \AA}$ ) and  $2\theta$  range from  $10^\circ$  to  $80^\circ$ . FT-IR spectra of UCNPs were acquired using VERTEX 70 FT-IR spectrometer with the KBr technique. The UV-Vis absorption spectra were detected using a UV-3101 spectrophotometer. The upconversion emission spectra were measured by a Hitachi F-4500 fluorescence spectrofluorimeter and a Maya 2000 visible spectrometer (Ocean optics) equipped with a 980 nm diode CW laser as the excitation source. Upconversion luminescence

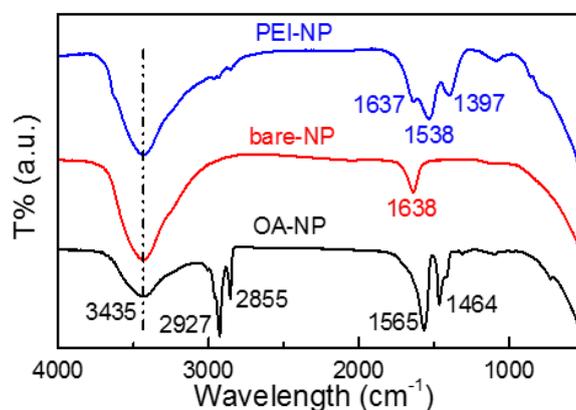
kinetics was measured by a 500 MHz Tektronix digital oscilloscope with the excitation of a nanosecond pulse train at 980 nm from an optical parametric oscillator. pH of the buffers was calibrated with a pH meter (Sartorius PB-10). The thermogravimetric analysis (TGA) curve was recorded with a thermal analysis instrument (Perkin Elmer Pyris 1) with a heating rate of 10 °C/min in a nitrogen flow of 100 mL/min.

### Synthesis and amino-modification of NaYF<sub>4</sub>:Yb<sup>3+</sup>,Tm<sup>3+</sup> UCNPs

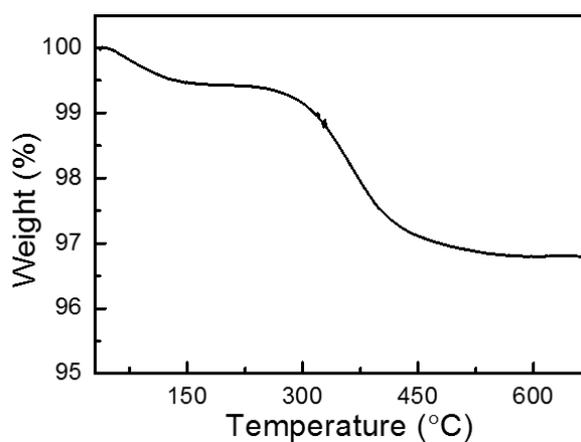
NaYF<sub>4</sub>:24.7%Yb,0.3%Tm UCNPs were synthesized according to previous report and were dispersed in cyclohexane with oleic acid ligands on the surface.<sup>1</sup> In order to conjugate FITC, UCNPs were firstly modified with PEI for amino-terminal.<sup>2</sup> Briefly, 8 mL of 10 mg/mL UCNPs solution in cyclohexane mixed with 8 mL of 0.1 M HCl solution. The mixture was stirred overnight to obtain ligand-free UCNPs. After centrifugation (11500 r/min, 4 °C, 20 min) twice, the ligand-free UCNPs were re-dispersed in 18 mL deionized water. 170 mg PEI (50 wt%) was added into the above solution and stirred mildly for 24 h to obtain PEI-modified UCNPs (PEI-UCNPs). After centrifugation (11500 r/min, 4 °C, 15 min) for three times, PEI-UCNPs were dispersed in 8 mL water. To evaluate the emission stability of PEI-UCNPs, PEI-UCNPs in varied pH buffers (pH=3.0-8.0) were tuned to the same concentration (0.5 mg/mL), the luminescence spectra were measured under 980 nm excitation, respectively. Then, the above solutions were oscillated for 48 h and the luminescence spectra were measured again.



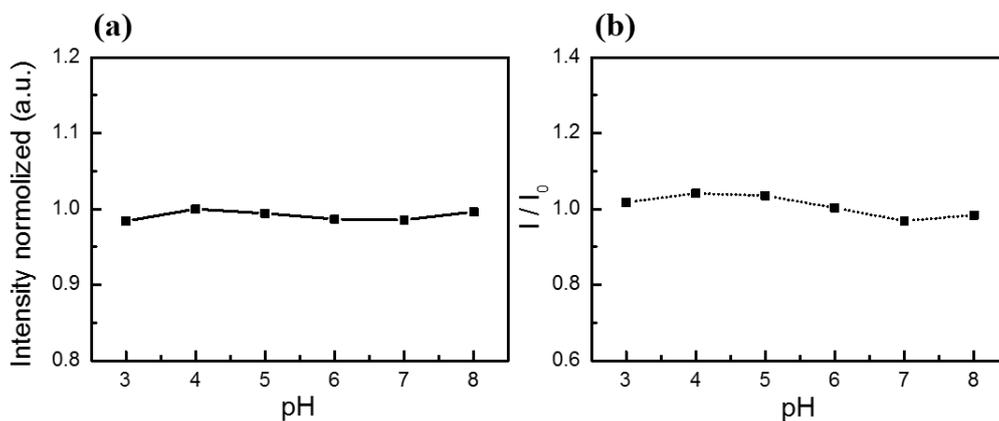
**Figure. S2** XRD pattern of NaYF<sub>4</sub>:Yb<sup>3+</sup>,Tm<sup>3+</sup> UCNPs (black line) and the standard line pattern of β-NaYF<sub>4</sub> (red line).



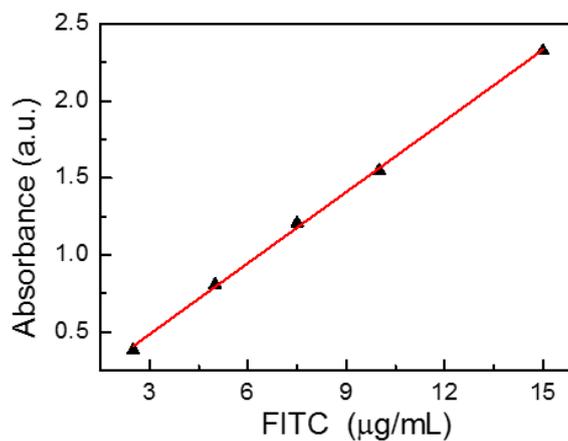
**Figure. S3** FT-IR spectra of OA-UCNPs (black line), ligand-free UCNPs (red line) and PEI-UCNPs (blue line). The broad peak at 3435cm<sup>-1</sup> was attributed to the -OH vibration of the adsorbed water.



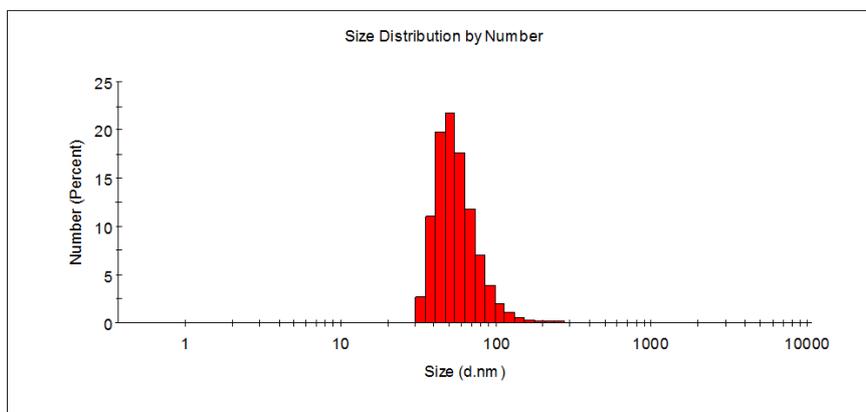
**Figure. S4** TGA curves of the as-prepared PEI-UCNPs.



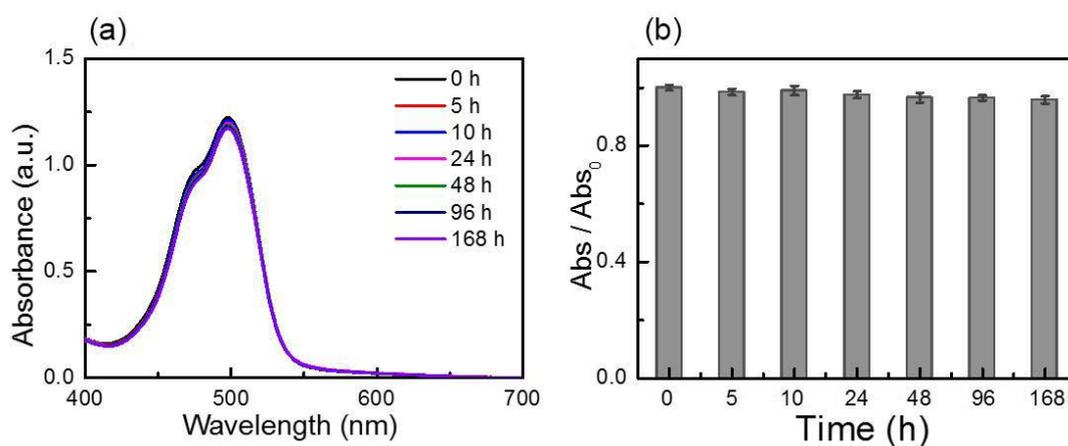
**Figure. S5** Emission stability of PEI-UCNPs. (a) Luminescence intensity of PEI-UCNPs in varied pH buffers, the data was normalized at pH=4. (b) Emission ratio of PEI-UCNPs after being oscillated for 48 h in different pH buffers,  $I_0$  and  $I$  represent the luminescence intensity of PEI-UCNPs at 0 h and 48 h, respectively.



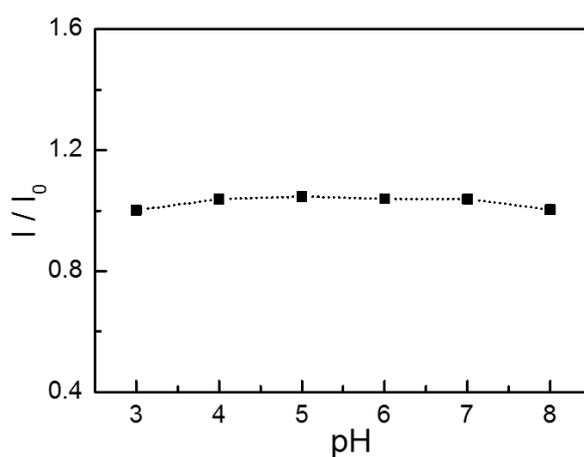
**Figure. S6** Standard curve of FITC in PEI-UCNPs water solution versus FITC concentration by UV-Vis.



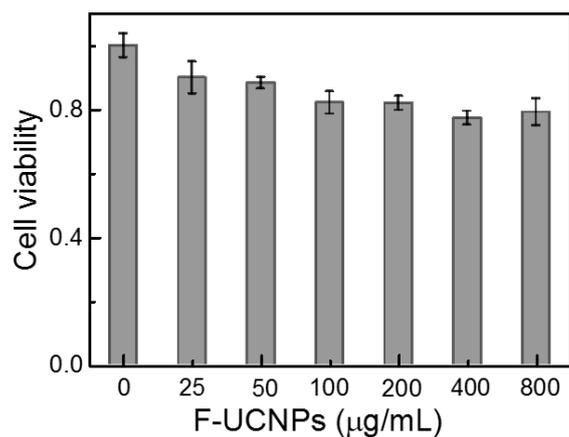
**Figure. S7** Number weighted dynamic light scattering measurements of F-UCNPs in water.



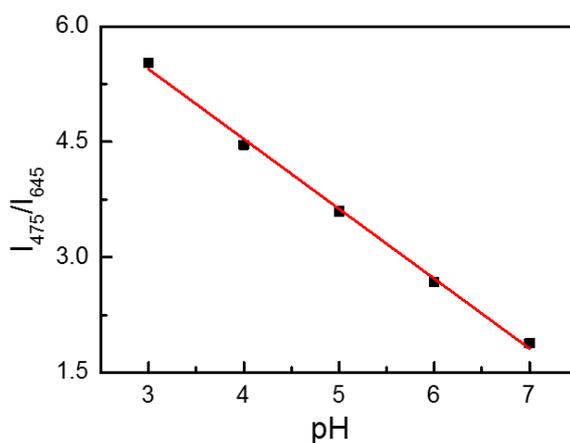
**Figure. S8** Stability of prepared F-UCNPs nanoprobe. (a) The absorption spectra of F-UCNPs being oscillated in water for 0 - 168 h, respectively. (b) The surplus ratio of FITC after being oscillated for different time. Abs<sub>0</sub> and Abs represented the absorbance of F-UCNPs after being oscillated for 0 h and 5 - 168 h, respectively.



**Figure. S9** The relative emission ratio ( $I/I_0$ ) of F-UCNPs in different buffers (pH from 3.0 to 8.0) after 48 h.  $I_0$  and  $I$  represent the original emission ratio ( $I_{475}/I_{645}$ ) and the emission ratio after 48 h, respectively.



**Figure. S10** Cell viability obtained by MTT experiments. QBC939 cells were incubated with a series of concentration of F-UCNPs for 24 h.



**Figure. S11** Linear relationship of the relative emission intensity ratio ( $I_{475/645}$ ) versus the pH value under confocal microscopy measurement.

## References

1. Li, Z. & Zhang, Y. *Nanotechnology* **19**, 345606 (2008).
2. Bogdan, N., Vetrone, F., Ozin, G. A. & Capobianco, J. A. Synthesis of ligand-free colloiddally stable water dispersible brightly luminescent lanthanide-doped upconverting nanoparticles. *Nano Lett* **11**, 835-840 (2011).