Women, land and power in Bangladesh: Jhagrapur revisited

Arens, A.M.J.

Citation for published version (APA):

General rights
It is not permitted to download or to forward/distribute the text or part of it without the consent of the author(s) and/or copyright holder(s), other than for strictly personal, individual use, unless the work is under an open content license (like Creative Commons).

Disclaimer/Complaints regulations
If you believe that digital publication of certain material infringes any of your rights or (privacy) interests, please let the Library know, stating your reasons. In case of a legitimate complaint, the Library will make the material inaccessible and/or remove it from the website. Please Ask the Library: https://uba.uva.nl/en/contact, or a letter to: Library of the University of Amsterdam, Secretariat, Singel 425, 1012 WP Amsterdam, The Netherlands. You will be contacted as soon as possible.
Bibliography


Ahmad, Mohiuddin (undated, probably 1990), Land To The Landless: A Reference Book on Khas land Allocation in Bangladesh. Bangkok: ACFOD.


Akpinar, Aylin (1998), Male’s Honour And Female’s Shame: Gender And Ethnic Identity Constructions Among Turkish Divorcees In The Migration Context. Uppsala: Uppsala University.


Barkat, Abul, S Zaman and S Raihan (2001), Political Economy of Khas Land in Bangladesh. 2001, Dhaka: ALRD.


Breman, Jan, Peter Kloos, and Ashwani Saith (eds.), (1997), The Village In Asia Revisited, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.


DAWN (Development Alternatives with Women for a New Era) (1985), Development, Crisis, and Alternative Visions: Third World Women’s Perspectives. Delhi: DAWN.


Kloos, Peter (1997), 'Restudies in Anthropology: Modalities, Limitations and Alternatives.' In Breman, Jan, Peter Kloos, and Ashwani Saith (eds.), The Village In Asia Revisited, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.


http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/13552070701876227.


UBINIG (1988), Norplant: The Five Year Needle. Dhaka, Bangladesh: UBINIG.


Women for Women (ed.), (1979), *The Situation of Women in Bangladesh*. Dhaka