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# Dynamics of Cooperation and Conflict in Multiagent Systems

**Fernando P. Santos**

Informatics Institute, University of Amsterdam,  
Science Park 900, 1098 XH Amsterdam, The Netherlands  
f.p.santos@uva.nl

## Abstract

Meeting today’s major scientific and societal challenges requires understanding the dynamics of cooperation, coordination, and conflict in complex adaptive systems (CAS). Artificial Intelligence (AI) is intimately connected with these challenges, both as an application domain and as a source of new computational techniques: On the one hand, AI suggests new algorithmic recommendations and interaction paradigms, offering novel possibilities to engineer cooperation and alleviate conflict in multiagent (hybrid) systems; on the other hand, new learning algorithms provide improved techniques to simulate sophisticated agents and increasingly realistic CAS.

My research lies at the interface between CAS and AI: I develop computational methods to understand cooperation and conflict in multiagent systems, and how these depend on systems’ design and incentives. As Figure 1 summarizes, I focus on mapping interaction rules and incentives onto emerging macroscopic patterns and long-term dynamics. Examples of this research agenda, that I will survey in this talk, include modelling (1) the connection between reputation systems and cooperation dynamics (Santos, Santos, and Pacheco 2018; Santos, Pacheco, and Santos 2018), (2) the role of agents with hard-coded strategies in stabilizing fair behaviors in a population (Santos et al. 2019), or (3) the impact of recommendation algorithms on potential sources of conflict (e.g., radicalization and polarization) in a system composed of adaptive agents influencing each other over time (Santos, Lelkes, and Levin 2021; Santos et al. 2021).

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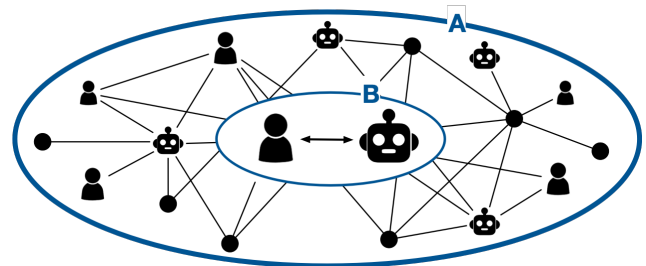


Figure 1: In the context of multiagent systems composed of strategic agents, I aim at understanding how microscopic interactions and incentives determine long-term dynamics: A) At a macroscopic scale, I have been exploring how social norms and reputation systems impact dynamics of cooperation and reciprocity (Santos, Santos, and Pacheco 2018; Santos, Pacheco, and Santos 2018); the stability of cooperation within populations of reinforcement learners (Merhej et al. 2022); the stability of cooperation in hybrid human-agent populations (Santos et al. 2019); or the impact of algorithmic recommendations on dynamics of cooperation, parochialism, and polarization (Santos, Lelkes, and Levin 2021; Santos et al. 2021); B) At a microscopic scale, I focus on interaction paradigms involving humans and artificial agents (Santos et al. 2020) or individuals strategically adapting to algorithms (Barsotti, Koçer, and Santos 2022).

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