




# Correction to: Spectroscopic follow-up of black hole and neutron star candidates in ellipsoidal variables from *Gaia* DR3

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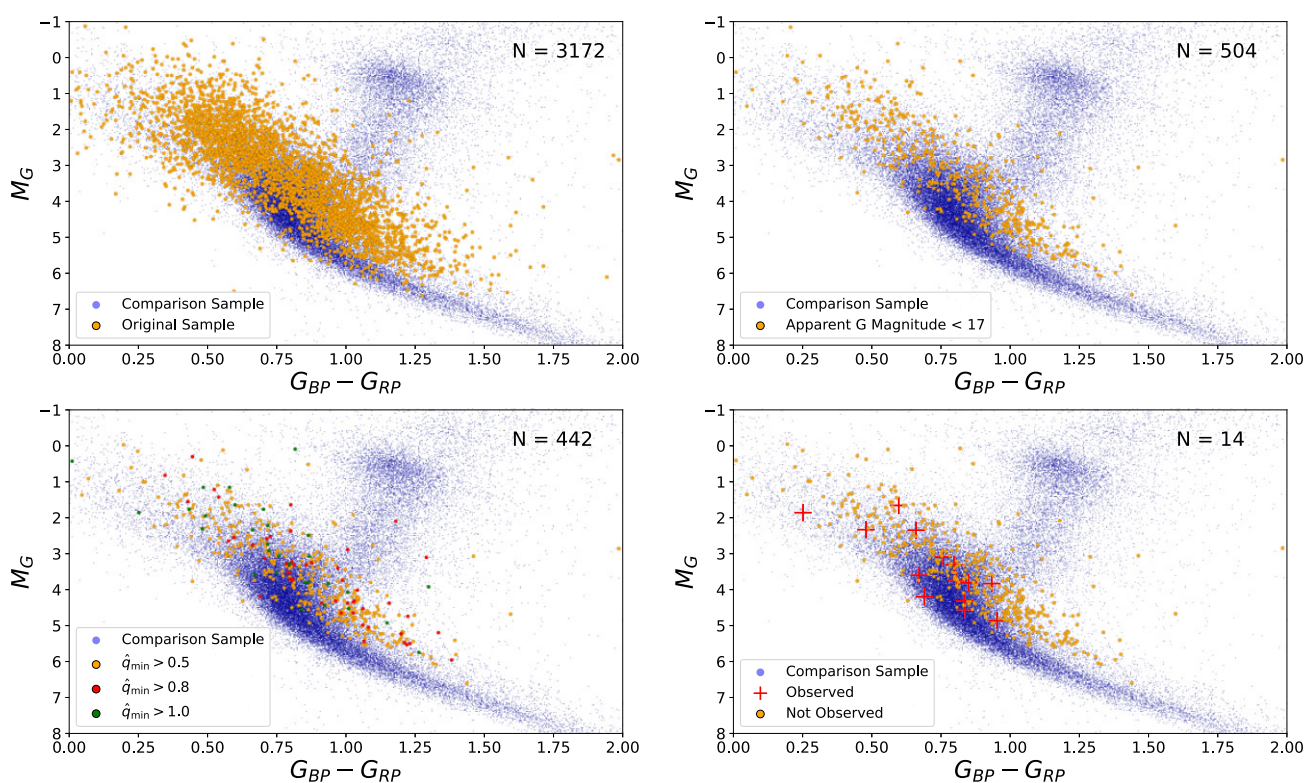
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**Key words:** errata, addenda – binaries: general – stars: black holes – stars: neutron.

Due to a copy editing error, the lower right-hand panel of Fig. 1 was reproduced incorrectly in the published manuscript. The corrected version is included here. This update has no effect on the paper’s conclusions.



**Figure 1.** Colour–magnitude diagrams (CMDs) visualizing our sample selection. The upper left-hand panel displays the original sample of ellipsoidal variables (i.e. objects in the Gomel et al. 2023 catalogue that have available extinctions) plotted over a random comparison sample of  $\sim 45\,000$  stars in *Gaia* DR3 with declination  $\delta > -30^\circ$  and apparent *Gaia*  $G$ -band magnitude  $G < 17$ . The upper right-hand panel displays the sample of ellipsoidal variables with apparent magnitude  $G < 17$ . The lower left-hand panel displays all the ellipsoidal variables in our vetted sample (i.e. objects with well-constrained distances and well-sampled ZTF light curves) coloured by minimum mass ratio. The lower right-hand panel shows our final set of observed targets (red) and objects that were either rejected after inspection of their light curves or not observed (yellow). Note that a significant fraction of all candidates are above the main sequence, as expected for luminous binaries. Our follow-up prioritized objects near the main sequence, which are more likely to host dark companions.

## REFERENCE

Gomel R. et al., 2023, *A&A*, 674, A19

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