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The Quiescent Optical Counterpart to Swift J174510.8-262411

ATel #4417; [R. I. Hynes, C. T. Britt \(LSU\), P. G. Jonker \(SRON/CfA/RU\), R. Wijnands \(Amsterdam\), S. Greiss \(Warwick\), The Galactic Bulge Survey Consortium](#)
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Credential Certification: Robert Hynes (rih@phys.lsu.edu)

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Referred to by ATel #: [5084](#)



The new transient Swift J174510.8-262411 (Cummings et al. 2012, GCN#[13744](#); Cummings et al. 2012, GCN #[13745](#)) is within the field of the Galactic Bulge Survey (Jonker et al. 2011, ApJS, 194, 18) and was observed twice with Chandra/ACIS-I on 2008 May 16 and 17, for 2 ks each. The source was not detected in either image to the survey limit of $7.7e-14$ erg/cm²/s (0.3-8.0 keV).

Optical imaging of the field in the SDSS r' filter was obtained from 2010 July 9-16 using the CTIO 4m Blanco telescope and Mosaic-2 camera. We examined an average of the six highest quality images totalling 720 sec of exposure obtained in seeing 1.0-1.2 arcsec to search for the quiescent counterpart to the IR source identified by Rau et al. (ATEL#[4380](#)) and supported spectroscopically by de Ugarte Postigo et al. (ATEL#[4388](#)). We do not detect the counterpart in our images. We estimate the 90% confidence limit on a detection as $r' > 23.1 \pm 0.5$, where the uncertainty reflects that in the pipeline calibration of the photometry relative to USNO B1.0 stars in the field.

Rao et al. estimated the J-band counterpart brightened by approximately three magnitudes to $J = 16.5 \pm 0.5$, so our non-detection suggests a quiescent color of $r' - J > 3.6 \pm 0.7$. Using the VVV reddening maps of the Galactic bulge (Gonzalez et al. 2012, A&A, 543, A13) we expect $E(r' - J) = 3.3 \pm 0.4$. Our non-detection is thus consistent with typical red colors of quiescent low-mass X-ray binaries and indicates that optical follow-up of the quiescent counterpart will be extremely difficult.

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rrutledge@astronomerstelegam.org

dfox@astronomerstelegam.org

mansi@astronomerstelegam.org