Anti-inflammatory strategies during epileptogenesis
Holtman, L.

Citation for published version (APA):

General rights
It is not permitted to download or to forward/distribute the text or part of it without the consent of the author(s) and/or copyright holder(s), other than for strictly personal, individual use, unless the work is under an open content license (like Creative Commons).

Disclaimer/Complaints regulations
If you believe that digital publication of certain material infringes any of your rights or (privacy) interests, please let the Library know, stating your reasons. In case of a legitimate complaint, the Library will make the material inaccessible and/or remove it from the website. Please Ask the Library: http://uba.uva.nl/en/contact, or a letter to: Library of the University of Amsterdam, Secretariat, Singel 425, 1012 WP Amsterdam, The Netherlands. You will be contacted as soon as possible.
References


Auvin S, Shin D, Mazarati A, Sankar R. (2010b) Inflammation induced by LPS enhances epileptogenesis in immature rat and may be partially reversed by IL1RA. *Epilepsia* 51 Suppl 3:34-38.


References


Toll-like receptor 4 and high-mobility group box-1 are involved in ictogenesis and can be targeted to reduce seizures. *Nat Med* 16:413-419.


van Vliet EA, Aronica E, Tolner EA, Lopes da Silva FH, Gorter JA. (2004) Progression of temporal lobe epilepsy in the rat is associated with
immunocytochemical changes in inhibitory interneurons in specific regions of the hippocampal formation. Exp Neurol 187:367-379.


van Weering HR, Boddeke HW, Vinet J, Brouwer N, de Haas AH, van Rooijen N, Thomsen AR, Biber KP. (2010a) CXCL10/CXCR3 signaling in glia cells differentially affects NMDA-induced cell death in CA and DG neurons of the mouse hippocampus. Hippocampus.


References


