Child and Adult Heritage Spanish in the Netherlands

*the Development of Subject Position*

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Child and Adult Heritage Spanish in the Netherlands: The Development of Subject Position

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Heritage speakers
Speakers of a minority language, acquired during childhood in a naturalistic setting in the home context.

Subject position in Spanish
Spanish has flexible word order:
- Un chico llegó.
- A boy arrived.
- Llegó un chico.
- A boy arrived.

Subject position in Dutch
- Een jongen
- A boy
- floot
- whistled
- but V2!
- Buiten/en/dat
- Outside/There/that
- Adv/OBJ
- floot
- whistled
- een jongen
- a boy

MORE EVIDENCE FOR POSTVERBAL SUBJECTS

Research Questions
1. Will Dutch HS of Spanish show less overgeneralization of preverbal subjects (but deviate from monolinguals?)
2. (When) do bilingual children deviate from monolinguals?

The present study

A) Adult Participants
24 heritage speakers
- Born in the Netherlands, or arrived before 5
- Mixed families
- No Caribbean dialects
18 monolingual speakers of Spanish
- Recently immigrated to the Netherlands.
- No knowledge of Dutch
- No Caribbean dialects

B) Child Participants
30 heritage speakers
- 9 and 13 years old
- Born in the Netherlands, or arrived before 5
- Mixed families
- No Caribbean dialects
44 monolingual speakers of Spanish
- 9 and 13 years old
- Born and raised in Spain
- No knowledge of other languages

Previous Research:

Children
Monolingual
- Have knowledge of verb type by age 2 (Bel, 2001)
- No previous research on other factors

Bilingual
- No previous research

Adults
Monolingual
- Verb type & focus influence word order (Hertel, 2005; Lizarraran, 2005)
- Many other factors, such as definiteness as well (Rogge, 2011)

Bilingual
- Do not have monolingual-like knowledge of all the factors determining word order
(Capo et al., 2003; De Prada-Pérez & Pascual y Cabo, 2012)

Overgeneralize preverbal subjects
(Hinch-Bailey, 2007; Hertel, 2005; Capo et al., 2003)

Method

Contextualized Scalar Acceptability Judgment Task:

- El gato llegó.
- Some cousins arrived.
- Llegó un gato.
- Arrived some cousins.

Three dogs are playing at the beach and having a lot of fun. While they play, their friend the cat comes and sees them and he gets very sad because they had not asked him to join them.

El gato llegó.

References


Simplicificación o Cross-Lingüística Influencia?