Child and Adult Heritage Spanish in the Netherlands

*the Development of Subject Position*

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Heritage speakers
Speakers of a minority language, acquired during childhood in a naturalistic setting in the home context.

Subject position in Spanish
Spanish has flexible word order:

- Un chico llegó
- A boy arrived
- SV
- V
- Llegó un chico
- A boy arrived
- VS

Subject position with intransitives in Spanish is constrained by unaccusativity, focus, definiteness, animacy, verbal aspect, adverbial phrases, and subject heaviness.

- Subject position in Dutch

- Een jongen
- A boy
- V

- But V2!

- Buiten/en/dat
- Outside/There/that
- Adv/OBJ

- V

- Een jongen
- A boy

- S

More evidence for postverbal subjects

Research Questions

1. Will Dutch HS of Spanish show less overgeneralization of preverbal subjects (but deviate from monolinguals)?

2. (When) do bilingual children deviate from monolinguals?

The present study

A) Adult Participants
24 heritage speakers
- Born in the Netherlands, or arrived before 5
- Mixed families
- No Caribbean dialects

18 monolingual speakers of Spanish
- Recently immigrated to the Netherlands.
- No knowledge of Dutch
- No Caribbean dialects

B) Child Participants
30 heritage speakers
- 9 and 13 years old
- Born in the Netherlands, or arrived before 5
- Mixed families
- No Caribbean dialects

44 monolingual speakers of Spanish
- 9 and 13 years old
- Born and raised in Spain
- No knowledge of other languages

Conclusions

1. Both monolingual and Dutch heritage speakers increase the preference of VS across the lifetime.

2. In Dutch bilinguals, this VS preference is more pronounced in all age groups.

3. This overgeneralization might be due to the influence of V2 in Dutch.

Method

Children Preference Judgment Task:

Three dogs are playing at the beach and having a lot of fun. While they play, their friend the cat comes and sees them and he gets very sad because they had not asked him to join them.

Adults Contextualized Scalar Acceptability Judgment Task:

Es mi cumpleaños y hay mucha gente de visita en mi casa. De repente suena el timbre pero como estoy recibiendo un regalo de mi tío, no puedo abrir la puerta. Ya mi esposa y yo que son unos primos.

Cuando regresa, le pregunto: ‘¿Quién llegó?’. Mi esposa me dice:

‘It’s my birthday and there are many guests in my house. Suddenly the doorbell rings, but since I’m just receiving a gift from my uncle, I cannot open the door. My wife and I, who are cousins, when she gets back. When she gets back, my wife tells me:

Los primos llegaron.

Some cousins arrived.

- 0 - 1 - 0 - 1 - 2

Llegaron unos primos.

Arrived some cousins.

Simplification or Cross-Linguistic Influence?

References

- Pascual y Cabo, D., Lingved, A., & Rothman, J. Applying the Interface Hypothesis to Heritage Speaker Acquisition: Evidence from VS/OS. 400