Fig S1. Results of the ancillary analyses including only the data of the 10 labs that strictly met all inclusion criteria: forest plot of the difference between the Commandments-cheat and the books-cheat conditions in the self-reported number of matrices solved. For each of the 10 labs that met all the inclusion criteria, the figure shows the mean self-report and sample size in each condition. The labs are listed in order of the size of the difference between the conditions (Commandments-cheat condition minus books-cheat condition). The squares show the observed effect sizes, the error bars represent 95% confidence intervals (CIs), and the size of each square represents the magnitude of the standard error for the lab's effect (larger squares indicate less variability in the estimate). To the right, the figure shows the numerical values for the effect sizes and 95% CIs. At the top of the figure, the effect from Mazar, Amir, and Ariely's (2008) Experiment 1 is shown. The bottom row in the figure presents the unweighted means of the individual sample means and the outcome of a random-effects meta-analysis. Note that the meta-analytic estimate of the difference between conditions does not necessarily equal the difference between the means.

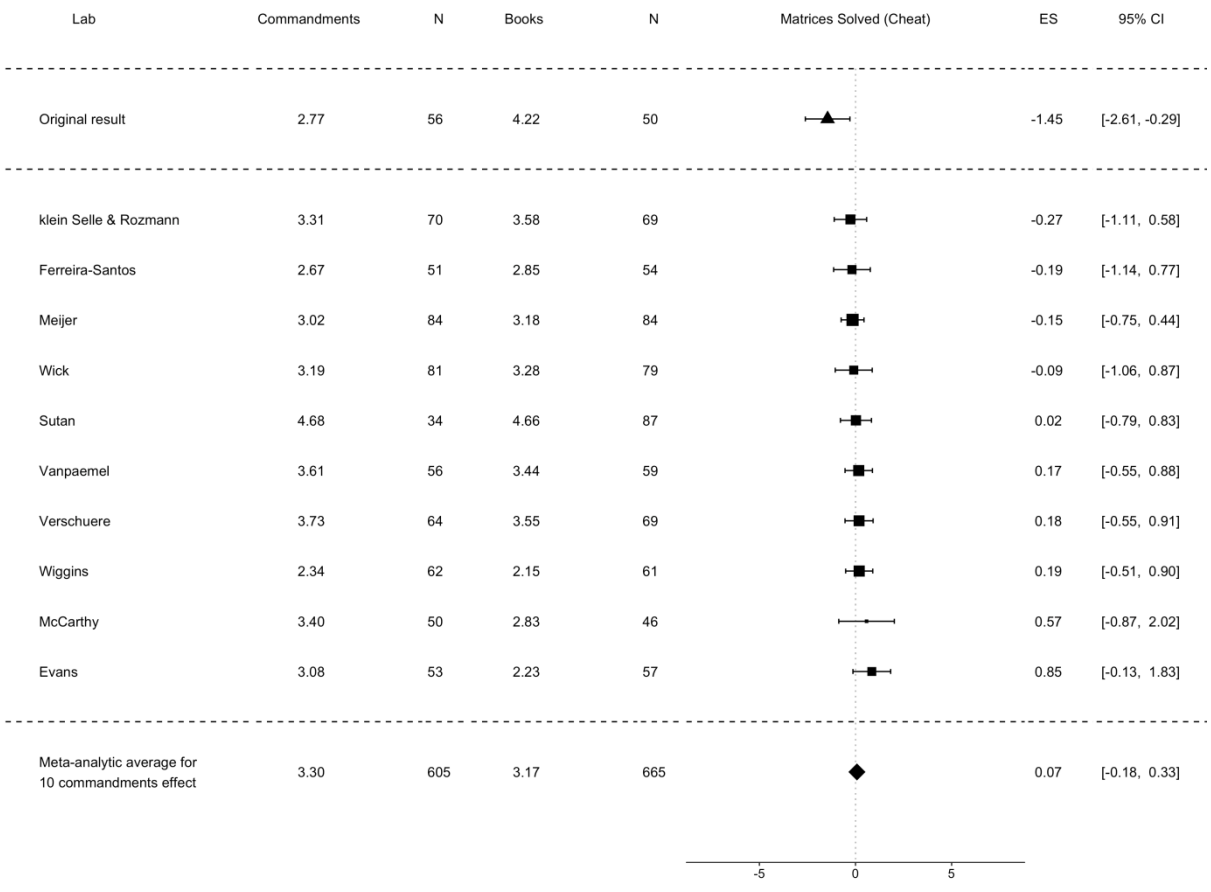

Fig. S2. Moderation of the Ten Commandments effect by religiousness for the 10 labs included in the strict analyses. The scatterplot shows the magnitude of the effect and the average religiousness score for each lab. The solid line is the best-fitting regression line, and the dashed lines mark the 95% confidence band around the regression line. The size of each circle represents the magnitude of the standard error for the lab's effect (larger circles indicate less variability).

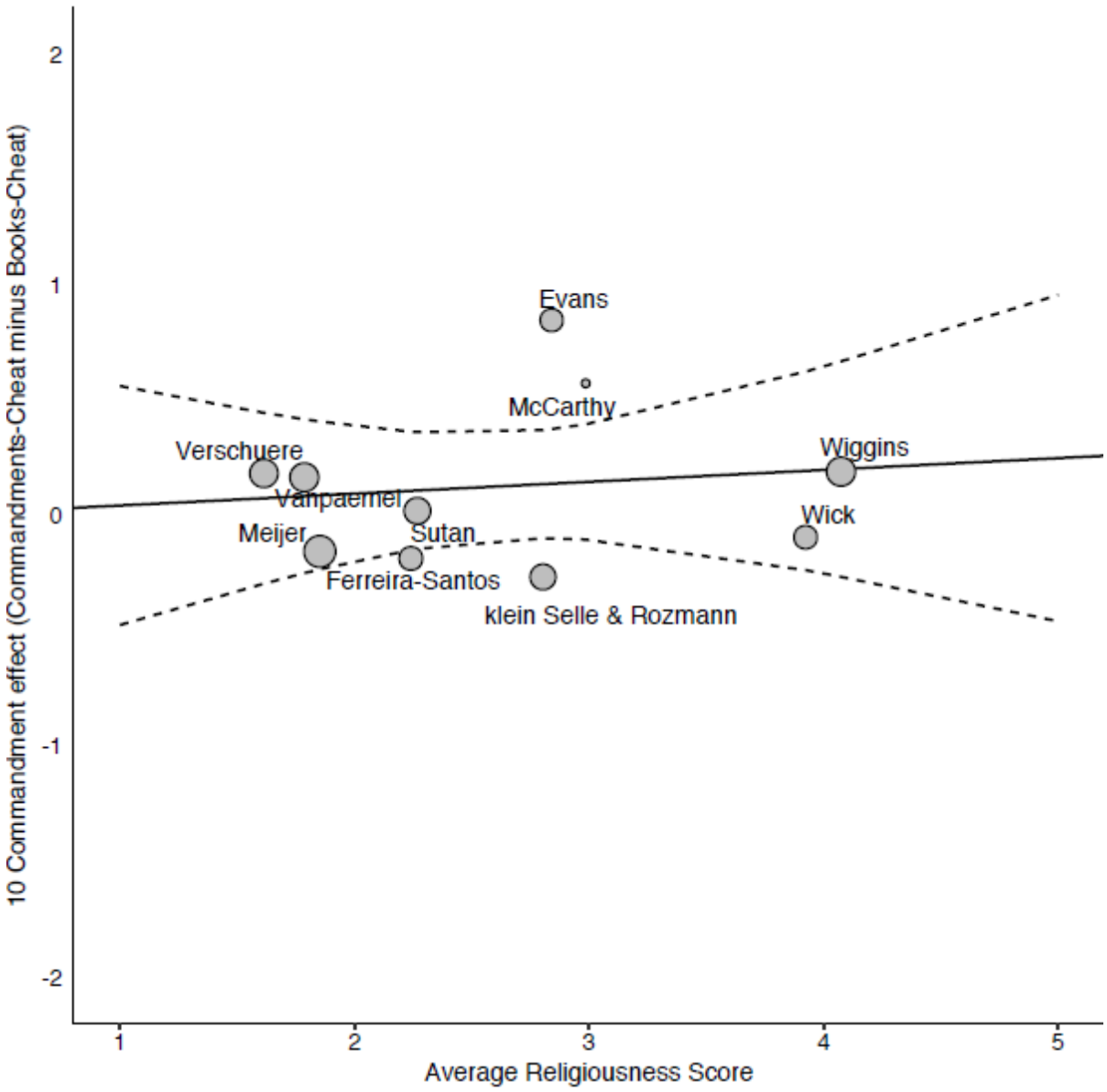

Fig S3. Results of the exploratory analyses including the data of all 25 labs that contributed to the replication project: forest plot of the difference between the self-reported number of matrices solved in the Commandments-cheat and the number of matrices actually solved in the Commandments-control condition. For each of the 25 labs, the figure shows the mean number of matrices and sample size in each condition. The labs are listed in order of the size of the difference between the conditions (Commandments-cheat condition minus Commandments-control). The squares show the observed effect sizes, the error bars represent 95% confidence intervals (CIs), and the size of each square represents the magnitude of the standard error for the lab's effect (larger squares indicate less variability in the estimate). To the right, the figure shows the numerical values for the effect sizes and 95% CIs. At the top of the figure, the effect from Mazar, Amir, and Ariely's (2008) Experiment 1 is shown. The bottom row in the figure presents the unweighted means of the individual sample means and the outcome of a random-effects meta-analysis. Note that the meta-analytic estimate of the difference between conditions does not necessarily equal the difference between the means.