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A Unified Nomenclature for Peroxisome Biogenesis Factors


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For the past 10 years, there has been substantial progress in the field of peroxisome biogenesis. One key to this progress has been the use of genetic approaches in a wide variety of experimental organisms (4, 8, 11, 15, 18, 21, 26, 35, 38, 47, 48). To date, these systems have been used to identify thirteen proteins required for peroxisome biogenesis, three of which have also been shown to be defective in the lethal peroxisome biogenesis disorders. However, the diversity of experimental systems has also led to a profusion of names for peroxisome assembly genes and proteins. These include the acronyms PAS, PAF, PER, PAY, PEB, and PMP and span an even greater array of numbering systems. At the request of the Editors of The Journal of Cell Biology and for the benefit of all concerned, we considered several options for gene and protein names, numbering systems, and possible definitions for the types of genes and protein to be included. We propose here a unified protein and gene nomenclature for peroxisome biogenesis factors.

Proteins involved in peroxisome (microbody) biogenesis (inclusive of peroxisomal matrix protein import, membrane biogenesis, peroxisome proliferation, and peroxisome inheritance) will be designated peroxins, with PEX representing the gene acronym. However, even though defects in peroxisomal metabolic enzymes or transcription factors may affect peroxisome proliferation and/or morphology, such proteins shall not be included in this group. The proteins and genes will be numbered by date of published characterization, both for known factors and for those identified in the future. When necessary, species of origin may be specified by one letter abbreviations for genus and species (e.g., ScPEX1 for the Saccharomyces cerevisiae PEX1 gene). To minimize ambiguities in naming additional proteins that may be identified in the future, we urge authors before publication to contact an ad hoc nomenclature committee (see below) who will be responsible for numbering new peroxins.

The new nomenclature for peroxisome assembly genes and proteins is outlined in Table I. Questions should be addressed to the first three authors of this letter, who organized the nomenclature revision and who will comprise the nomenclature committee for the next 12 months. We thank The Journal of Cell Biology for stimulating the unification of our nomenclature and for providing the opportunity to present our resolution. We hope that these
changes will make it easier for the general scientific community, as well as ourselves, to follow the interesting and exciting research on peroxisome biogenesis.

References


