

Supplementary Table 1: Differences between cis-women, cis-men, and gender minorities on the smoking related outcome variables.

	Cis-women n (%)	Cis-men n (%)	Gender minorities n (%)	Cis-women compared to gender minorities	Cis-men compared to gender minorities	Cis-women compared to gender minorities	Cis-men compared to gender minorities
				Chi-square tests		Adjusted regression analyses	
Heaviness of Smoking Index^a							
0 to 1	204 (30.8)	276 (31.4)	59 (27.3)	$\chi^2=0.97$	$\chi^2=1.44$	$\beta=-0.06$	$\beta=-0.04$
2 to 4	416 (62.8)	548 (62.4)	142 (65.7)	$p=0.615$	$p=0.487$	$p=0.088$	$p=0.280$
5 to 6	42 (6.3)	54 (6.2)	15 (6.9)				
Plans to quit smoking within next 6 months (% yes)	200 (29.9)	216 (24.0)	70 (32.0)	$\chi^2=0.35$ $p=0.555$	$\chi^2=5.83$ $p=0.016$	$OR=1.07$ $p=0.699$	$OR=0.74$ $p=0.077$
Used any kind of cessation assistance in past 6 months (% yes)	82 (12.2)	82 (9.1)	44 (20.1)	$\chi^2=8.37$ $p=0.004$	$\chi^2=21.19$ $p<0.001$	$OR=0.59$ $p=0.013$	$OR=0.45$ $p<0.001$
Ever tried to quit smoking (% yes)	501 (74.8)	638 (71.0)	168 (77.1)	$\chi^2=0.46$ $p=0.496$	$\chi^2=3.17$ $p=0.075$	$OR=0.87$ $p=0.449$	$OR=0.72$ $p=0.071$
Number of serious quit attempts (among those who ever tried to quit)							
One attempt	88 (18.3)	149 (24.3)	29 (17.7)	$\chi^2=0.06$	$\chi^2=4.06$	$\beta=0.00$	$\beta=-0.08$
Two attempts	174 (36.3)	214 (34.9)	59 (36.0)	$p=0.997$	$p=0.255$	$p=0.942$	$p=0.088$
Three attempts	97 (20.2)	125 (20.4)	34 (20.7)				
Four attempts or more	121 (25.2)	126 (20.5)	42 (25.6)				
Triggers for thinking about quitting smoking (% somewhat or very much)							
The price of cigarettes	519 (77.5)	638 (71.0)	177 (81.2)	$\chi^2=1.35$	$\chi^2=9.30$	$OR=0.88$	$OR=0.66$

				p=0.245	p=0.002	p=0.524	p=0.031
Concern for your personal health	434 (64.8)	562 (62.6)	156 (71.2)	$\chi^2=3.08$	$\chi^2=5.74$	OR=0.75	OR=0.67
				p=0.079	p=0.017	p=0.095	p=0.018
Setting an example for children	367 (54.8)	480 (53.5)	116 (53.2)	$\chi^2=0.16$	$\chi^2=0.00$	OR=1.10	OR=0.98
				p=0.687	p=0.949	p=0.545	p=0.906
Concern about the effect on non-smokers	276 (41.2)	354 (39.4)	101 (46.1)	$\chi^2=1.64$	$\chi^2=3.27$	OR=0.81	OR=0.76
				p=0.200	p=0.070	p=0.178	p=0.074
A smoking-related illness	271 (40.4)	309 (34.4)	96 (44.0)	$\chi^2=0.87$	$\chi^2=7.03$	OR=0.79	OR=0.66
				p=0.350	p=0.008	p=0.137	p=0.009
Friends and family disapprove smoking	255 (38.1)	363 (40.4)	102 (46.6)	$\chi^2=4.98$	$\chi^2=2.78$	OR=0.75	OR=0.78
				p=0.026	p=0.095	p=0.065	p=0.113
Society's disapproval of smoking	243 (36.3)	296 (32.9)	91 (41.6)	$\chi^2=1.97$	$\chi^2=5.79$	OR=0.89	OR=0.71
				p=0.161	p=0.016	p=0.458	p=0.029
Advice from a doctor to quit	216 (32.2)	250 (27.8)	87 (39.7)	$\chi^2=4.12$	$\chi^2=11.88$	OR=0.60	OR=0.54
				p=0.042	p<0.001	p=0.002	p<0.001
Free / lower cost stop-smoking medication	221 (33.0)	250 (27.8)	76 (34.7)	$\chi^2=0.21$	$\chi^2=4.05$	OR=0.84	OR=0.70
				p=0.650	p=0.044	p=0.312	p=0.033
Smoking restrictions in public places	181 (27.0)	254 (28.3)	75 (34.2)	$\chi^2=4.21$	$\chi^2=3.05$	OR=0.73	OR=0.81
				p=0.040	p=0.081	p=0.065	p=0.198
Warning labels on cigarette packages	171 (25.5)	205 (22.8)	73 (33.3)	$\chi^2=5.06$	$\chi^2=10.39$	OR=0.73	OR=0.61
				p=0.025	p=0.001	p=0.067	p=0.003
An anti-smoking message or campaign	146 (21.8)	198 (22.0)	72 (32.9)	$\chi^2=10.96$	$\chi^2=11.32$	OR=0.56	OR=0.56
				p<0.001	p<0.001	p=0.001	p<0.001
The coronavirus outbreak	130 (22.5)	122 (15.5)	53 (29.0)	$\chi^2=3.14$	$\chi^2=18.19$	OR=0.78	OR=0.52

				p=0.076	p<0.001	p=0.198	p<0.001
Smoking restrictions at work	134 (20.0)	211 (23.5)	66 (30.3)	$\chi^2=9.95$	$\chi^2=4.32$	OR=0.61	OR=0.75
				p=0.002	p=0.038	p=0.006	p=0.092
Availability of telephone helpline	92 (13.7)	116 (12.9)	52 (23.7)	$\chi^2=12.19$	$\chi^2=16.21$	OR=0.51	OR=0.53
				p<0.001	p<0.001	p<0.001	p=0.001

^a HSI is categorized in three levels for this table; HSI was used as a continuous variable in the regression analyses (with higher values indicating greater dependence).
 Bold values are significant at p<0.05.